

Introduction

The Nebraska Accountability and Disclosure Commission has prepared this informational brochure for use by candidates seeking nomination or election in the 2006 State of Nebraska Primary and General Elections. This brochure summarizes the obligations of all candidates for state, district, county, or other local office under the Nebraska Political Accountability and Disclosure Act (NPADA) (§§49-1401 et. seq., Nebraska Revised Statutes). **All candidates and committee treasurers should carefully review this brochure; candidates and their committee treasurers are responsible for compliance with the NPADA.**

Candidates for certain statewide offices may have additional obligations under the Campaign Finance Limitation Act (CFLA) (§§32-1601 et. seq., Nebraska Revised Statutes). Candidates for statewide offices should also refer to the appropriate Campaign Finance Limitation Act Candidate Brochure, a separate publication which can be obtained from the office of the Commission.

The Commission also publishes a Candidate Committee Treasurer's Guide which provides additional information regarding the campaign finance provisions of the NPADA (and the CFLA). The Treasurer's Guide can be obtained from the Commission. **All candidates should make sure that either they or their committee treasurer has a copy of the Candidate Committee Treasurer's Guide.**

All statements and reports filed by candidates, as well as by various political committees and other filers, are public records. They are available for public inspection at the office of the Commission during regular business hours, which are 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Central Time, Monday through Friday (state holidays excluded). Certain reports and statements may be viewed at the Commission's website at <http://nadc.nol.org>.

Anyone having questions regarding his or her obligations under the NPADA or the CFLA is encouraged to contact the office of the Commission, either by mail at

Nebraska Accountability and Disclosure Commission
11th Floor, State Capitol Building
P.O. Box 95086
Lincoln, NE 68509

by telephone at (402) 471-2522 during regular business hours or online at <http://nadc.nol.org>.

The Commission welcomes comments and recommendations for changes and additions to future editions of this Candidate Brochure and to the reporting forms found in Section X.

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SECTION I

Statements of Financial Interests

All candidates seeking any of the following offices in the 2006 elections must have on file a *Statement of Financial Interests* (NADC Form C-1) with their election official and with the Commission:

Auditor of Public Accounts

Attorney General

Secretary of State

State Treasurer

Member of the State Board of Education;

Member of the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska;

Member of the Public Service Commission;

Member of the State Legislature;

Member of the Board of Directors of a Public Power District;

Any Elected County Official

Candidates who file for election or reelection during 2006 must file their *Statement of Financial Interests* for calendar year 2005 with their election official at the time of filing for office, and with the Commission within five days after filing for office.

SECTION II

The Campaign Finance Limitation Act

Persons seeking election to the offices of Auditor of Public Accounts, Attorney General, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Public Service Commission, State Board of Education, Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, and the State Legislature are subject to the CFLA. They should refer to the Campaign Finance Limitation Act Candidate Brochure, a separate publication which is available from the office of the Commission. When requesting a brochure, please be sure to indicate the office to which you are seeking election.

SECTION III

Organizational Requirements

All candidates seeking elective office in the 2006 elections are subject to the campaign finance provisions of the Nebraska Political Accountability and Disclosure Act (NPADA).

A "candidate," as defined by the NPADA, is not limited to an individual who has filed for elective office. Any individual who receives a contribution or makes an expenditure, or gives consent for another to do so, with the intent of bringing about his or her nomination or election to an elective office is a "candidate," regardless of whether the specific office the individual will seek is known at the time the contribution is received or the expenditure is made.

All candidates must keep records of contributions received and expenditures made. Under the NPADA, "contributions" are defined as money or anything of monetary value received by a candidate in support of his or her election. Contributions include the following:

- 1) The candidate's personal funds and/or property used for campaign purposes;
- 2) Loans received by the candidate for campaign purposes;
- 3) All funds, goods, and services received from others for campaign purposes; and
- 4) A pledge or promise of another to provide money or anything of ascertainable value for campaign purposes.

Under the NPADA, "expenditures" are defined as money or anything of monetary value paid by a candidate or with a candidate's knowledge in support of his or her election. A promise or pledge to pay is an expenditure made at the time the promise or pledge is made.

A candidate committee is formed, by law, on the date a candidate first raises, receives, or spends more than \$5,000 during any calendar year in support of his or her election.

REMINDER: The candidate's personal funds and/or property used for campaign purposes are considered campaign contributions and campaign expenditures. A candidate who finances his or her campaign solely with personal funds and spends more than \$5,000 during any calendar year has, by law, formed a candidate committee.

Upon the formation of a candidate committee, the candidate must:

- Appoint a committee treasurer who is a qualified elector of the State of Nebraska. A candidate may serve as treasurer of his or her own committee. If there is no appointed treasurer, the candidate is the treasurer.
- Establish a separate account in a financial institution in Nebraska as an official depository of all contributions received by the candidate. All expenditures made by the candidate to support his or her election must be made from this account.

Secondary accounts may also be established for the sole purpose of transferring funds to the official depository account. No expenditures may be made from any secondary account.

- File a *Statement of Organization of a Political Committee* (NADC Form A-1) with the Commission within ten days after the committee is formed by law (within ten days of exceeding the \$5,000 threshold, except as noted at NEW LAW on page 6).

NOTE: The Commission considers a Statement of Organization to be a timely filing if it is either received in the Commission's office or postmarked by the U.S. Postal Service on or before its due date. Any candidate committee which does not file its Statement of Organization in a timely manner is subject to late filing fees of \$25 per day for each day the statement remains not filed, not to exceed \$750 plus interest. In addition, any candidate committee's failure to file a required Statement of Organization may result in civil penalties. State law makes the candidate personally liable for the payment of any late fees, civil penalties and interest.

Candidate committees which have a Statement of Organization on file with the Commission are required to notify the Commission of any changes to information provided in that statement.

SECTION IV

Restrictions on Loans and Interest

Loan Restrictions: Under the NPADA, there are limits on the amount of loans a candidate and his or her candidate committee may receive for campaign purposes. These limits apply to two separate and distinct time periods. The first period covers the candidate committee until thirty days after its formation. The second period covers the candidate committee starting thirty-one days after its formation.

LOAN LIMIT -- PERIOD 1: **Prior to or during the first thirty days after its formation,** a candidate committee shall not accept loans totaling more than \$15,000.

LOAN LIMIT -- PERIOD 2: **Beginning with the thirty-first day after its formation,** a candidate committee shall not accept loans totaling more than fifty percent of the contributions of money, excluding the proceeds of loans, which the candidate committee has received. This restriction continues until the end of the term of office for which the candidate sought election, regardless of whether the candidate is elected to office.

EXAMPLE (Period 1): Candidate A's candidate committee was formed by law on June 15, 2005. As of July 15, 2005 [the last day of Period 1], Candidate A's committee was limited to a total of \$15,000 in campaign loans accepted, regardless of the amount of contributions of money other than proceeds of loans received by Candidate A's committee. (Contributions received by a candidate committee have no effect on that committee's loan limit for Period 1).

EXAMPLE (Period 2): Candidate A's candidate committee was formed by law on June 15, 2005. As of August 15, 2005, Candidate A's committee had received a total of \$10,000 in contributions of money other than proceeds from loans. As of August 15, 2005, Candidate A's committee was limited to \$5,000 [50% of \$10,000] in campaign loans accepted on or after July 16, 2005 [the first day of Period 2], regardless of the amount of loans received by Candidate A's committee prior to July 16, 2005. (Loans received by a committee during Period 1 have no effect on that committee's loan limit for Period 2).

Interest Payment Restrictions: A candidate committee may not pay interest on a campaign loan it has received from the candidate, from a member of the candidate's immediate family, or from a business with which the candidate is associated.

The candidate's immediate family includes a child residing in the candidate's household, the candidate's spouse, or an individual claimed by the candidate or his/her spouse as a dependent for federal income tax purposes.

A "business" is defined as any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, sole proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association, organization, self-employed individual, holding company, joint stock company, receivership, trust, activity, or entity.

A business with which the candidate is associated includes a business in which the candidate is a partner, limited liability company member, director, or officer. A business with which the candidate is associated also includes a business in which the candidate or a member of the candidate's immediate family is a stockholder of:

- closed corporation stock with a fair market value of \$1,000 or more;
- closed corporation stock which represents more than a five percent equity interest;
- publicly traded stock with a fair market value of \$10,000 or more; or
- publicly traded stock which represents more than a ten percent equity interest.

SECTION V

Campaign Reporting Requirements of Candidate Committees

This section outlines campaign finance reports which candidate committees are required to file. These filings must be made with the Commission. Reporting forms are available from the Commission or the local election official. Forms may be downloaded from the Commission's website on to a personal computer. Reports may be completed on the personal computer. Once complete, a print copy of the completed report should be forwarded to the Commission.

Statement of Organization of a Political Committee (NADC Form A-1): The Statement of Organization registers a candidate committee with the Commission. A candidate committee must file its Statement of Organization within ten days after the committee is formed by law (within ten days after exceeding \$5,000 of receipts or expenditures in a calendar year). A candidate committee's failure to file a required Statement of Organization is subject to late filing fees, and may also result in civil penalties.

NEW LAW: During the 30 days immediately preceding the election, a candidate committee must file its Statement of Organization within **2 days** after the committee is formed. For the 2006 Primary Election, the 2 day provision applies from April 9, 2006 through May 8, 2006, inclusive. For the 2006 General Election, the 2 day provision applies from October 8, 2006 through November 6, 2006, inclusive. During this period the late filing fee for failing to timely file a Statement of

Organization is \$100 per day not to exceed \$1,000.

A candidate committee must report any changes to information included in its Statement of Organization to the Commission. These changes may be reported either on an amended Statement of Organization, or on a *Campaign Statement*. **It is important that a candidate committee report any changes of the committee's address or treasurer.** This helps ensure that the committee receives notices from the Commission regarding its filing requirements.

Once formed, a candidate committee remains in existence until the committee is formally dissolved. Under the NPADA, a candidate committee remains in existence and subject to all filing requirements of the NPADA **unless and until** a *Statement of Dissolution of a Political Committee* (NADC Form A-2) is filed by the committee and accepted by the Commission.

Incumbent officeholders and candidates active in prior elections who are not sure whether their candidate committees are dissolved should contact the office of the Commission. A candidate committee which is inactive but not dissolved is subject to all filing requirements.

Election year Campaign Statement (NADC Form B-1): Candidate committees of candidates seeking office in the 2006 elections must file *Campaign Statements*. A campaign statement is a public document which discloses who has made contributions to the candidate committee and the amount of contributions. Campaign statements also disclose expenditures made by the committee. Campaign statements must be filed according to the following schedule:

Primary Election (May 9, 2006)

<u>Report</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	<u>Reporting Period</u>
1st Primary Statement	April 10, 2006	through April 4, 2006
2nd Primary Statement	May 1, 2006	April 5 through April 24, 2006
Post Primary Statement	June 19, 2006	April 25 through June 13, 2006

General Election (November 7, 2006)

<u>Report</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	<u>Reporting Period</u>
1st General Statement	October 9, 2006	June 14 through October 3, 2006
2nd General Statement	October 30, 2006	October 4 through October 23, 2006
Post General Statement	January 16, 2007	October 24 through December 31, 2006

Period Covered by Campaign Statements: The reporting period for a *Campaign Statement* begins with the day after the closing date of the committee's previous *Campaign Statement* and ends with the closing date of the *Campaign Statement* due. For candidate committees which are filing their first *Campaign Statement*, the reporting period begins with the date money was first raised, received, or expended.

Candidate committees which are formed by law after the closing date of one or more of the statements for an election must file the *Campaign Statement* next due and all subsequent filings for that election. EXAMPLE: Candidate B's candidate committee is formed by law on April 7, 2006. The first *Campaign Statement* required to be filed by Candidate B's committee would be the 2nd Primary Statement.

Candidate committees of candidates who do not advance to the General Election are not required to file *Campaign Statements* for the General Election.

NOTE: The Commission considers a *Campaign Statement* to be a timely filing if it is received in the Commission's office or postmarked by the U.S. Postal Service on or before its due date. Any candidate committee which does not file a *Campaign Statement* in a timely manner is subject to late filing fees of \$25 per day for each day the statement remains not filed, not to exceed \$750 per statement plus interest. In addition, any candidate committee's failure to file a required *Campaign Statement* may result in civil penalties. **Important:** State law makes the candidate personally liable for any late fees, civil penalties and interest.

Special Note to Committees Using the Services of Advertising Agencies or Reimbursing Others for Expenditures Incurred on Behalf of the Committee: An advertising agency (or other independent agent or contractor) shall not make any expenditure on behalf of a candidate committee unless the candidate committee reports the expenditure as if made directly by the committee, or unless the advertising agency (or agent or contractor) files an Agent's Expenditure Report (Form B-10). The advertising agency (or agent or contractor) must either provide the candidate committee with all the information the committee is required to report or file an Agent's Expenditure Report. Candidate committees should make sure that their advertising agencies (or agents or contractors) understand this requirement.

Likewise, reimbursements made to others for expenses incurred on behalf of the committee must include the name and address of the payee and the name and address of the actual provider of the goods or services.

Annual Campaign Statement: All candidate committees must file an Annual *Campaign Statement* for each calendar year in which the committee was not required to file election year *Campaign Statements*. The reporting period for an Annual *Campaign Statement* is generally the calendar year. For the exceptions, see the instructions to NADC Form B-1. The due date of an Annual *Campaign Statement* is January 31 of the following year.

All candidate committees in existence as of December 31, 2005 must file an Annual *Campaign Statement* for calendar year 2005 on or before January 31, 2006.

Report of Late Contribution (NADC Form B-5): Under the NPADA, a "late contribution" is defined as a contribution (including a loan or pledge) of \$1000 or more received from a single source (including the candidate) during the fourteen days immediately preceding an election. [For the 2006 Primary Election, this period runs from April 25, 2006 through May 8, 2006. For the 2006

General Election, this period runs from October 24, 2006 through November 6, 2006.]

Any candidate committee of a candidate seeking office in the 2006 elections which receives a late contribution must file a *Report of Late Contribution* within **two** days after the contribution is received by the committee.

NOTE: The Commission considers a *Report of Late Contribution* to be a timely filing if it is received in the Commission's office or postmarked by the U.S. Postal Service on or before its due date. Any candidate committee which does not file a *Report of Late Contribution* in a timely manner is subject to late filing fees of **either \$100 per day for each day the report remains not filed, not to exceed \$3,000, or ten percent of the late contribution required to be reported, whichever is greater, per report.** In addition, any candidate committee's failure to file a required *Report of Late Contribution* may result in civil penalties. Interest accrues on unpaid late fees and civil penalties. State law makes the candidate personally liable for late fees, civil penalties and interest. Reports of Late Contribution may be faxed to the Commission office at 402-471-6599. You may call the Commission to confirm that the fax has been received. It is the responsibility of the filer to insure that fax transmissions are received by the Commission.

Statement of Dissolution of a Political Committee (NADC Form A-2): Once formed, a candidate committee remains in existence until it is formally dissolved. Any candidate who does not win election to office may wish to dissolve his or her candidate committee. A candidate committee may dissolve if the committee:

- 1) Does not expect to receive additional contributions;
- 2) Has paid all of its outstanding debts; and
- 3) Has disposed of all unexpended funds and any other assets of the committee.

To begin the dissolution process, the candidate committee must file a Statement of Dissolution along with a final *Campaign Statement* which shows that the committee has no remaining obligations or assets. The candidate committee is not dissolved until its Statement of Dissolution is accepted by the Commission.

NOTE: An incumbent officeholder may not dissolve his or her candidate committee except under certain circumstances. Any incumbent officeholder who wishes to dissolve his or her candidate committee should contact the office of the Commission for further information.

SECTION VI

Record Keeping Requirements

Each candidate committee shall designate one account in a financial institution in Nebraska as the committee's official depository for the purpose of depositing all campaign contributions which it receives in the form of or converts to money, checks, or other negotiable instruments, and for the purpose of making all campaign expenditures. No expenditure shall be made by a candidate committee without the authorization of the committee's treasurer or assistant treasurer. Contributions received or expenditures made by a candidate or a candidate's agent shall be

considered received or made by the candidate committee.

Contributions received by a candidate committee shall not be commingled with any funds of the candidate, the committee treasurer, an agent of either, or any other person.

The treasurer of a candidate committee shall maintain detailed records and adequate supporting documentation of all contributions received by the committee. This includes cash contributions, in-kind contributions, pledged contributions, earmarked contributions (contributions received through a third party), and loans. **The treasurer must keep records of all committee receipts and all committee expenditures.**

Contributions received by the candidate or by an agent of either the candidate or the committee treasurer must be promptly reported to the committee treasurer.

IMPORTANT: Under the NPADA, **the date a candidate committee receives a contribution is the date that the contribution was received by the candidate, the committee treasurer, or an agent of either**, regardless of when the contribution was deposited into the committee's campaign account. Under the NPADA, the date on which a contribution is received is the date which must be used for reporting purposes. Under the NPADA, a pledged contribution is considered a contribution on the date the pledge is made.

EXAMPLE: Candidate C receives a \$300.00 cash contribution on April 24, 2006, but does not deposit this contribution into his or her committee's campaign account until April 25, 2006. This contribution is considered received by Candidate C's committee on April 24, 2006, and must be reported on the committee's 2nd Primary Statement filed by Candidate C's committee.

The treasurer of a candidate committee should use the committee's loan records to help ensure that the committee does not exceed the loan limitations of the NPADA.

The treasurer of a candidate committee shall maintain detailed records and adequate supporting documentation of all expenditures made by the committee.

A candidate committee must maintain its records for a period of five years after the committee is formally dissolved.

For additional information concerning record keeping requirements of a candidate committee, please refer to the Candidate Committee Treasurer's Guide, a separate publication which is available from the Commission.

*****NOTE:** Candidate committees for certain offices have additional record keeping requirements under the CFLA. Those requirements are described in the appropriate Campaign Finance Limitation Act Candidate Brochure, which is available from the Commission.

SECTION VII

Campaign Advertising Requirements

Identification of Campaign Advertising: Printed materials which refer to a candidate's campaign must contain the name and street address of the person or committee that paid for those materials. This identification is known as a disclaimer. If the person who paid for the materials acted at the direction of or received reimbursement from a candidate committee, the candidate committee is considered to have paid for the materials. The following is an example of a disclaimer for printed materials that complies with the law:

Paid for by the Sam Jones Election Committee
1234 North 12th Street
Anywhere, NE 68000

Television and radio advertisements must include the name of the person or committee who paid for the ads. The person's or committee's street address need not be included in the ad if the station(s) running the ad agree to keep the person's or committee's name and street address on file and available to the public for six months after the advertisement runs.

A prerecorded message relating to a candidate or ballot question disseminated by any means of telecommunication shall include the name of the person or committee who paid for the message. A person or committee disseminating by any means of telecommunication a message not prerecorded relating to a candidate or ballot question shall disclose the name of the person or committee paying for the message upon the request of the recipient of the message. If the message is disseminated through an agent or employee of the person or committee making the expenditure for the message, the disclosure shall be of the identity of the person or committee making the expenditure.

Any candidate who uses personal resources to pay for campaign advertising and does not have a candidate committee (has not exceeded \$5,000 of receipts or expenditures) is exempt from the requirements to identify campaign advertising. A candidate's exemption ends if and when that candidate forms a candidate committee by law.

Certain items which are printed or reproduced at the request of the candidate or committee are exempt from the identification requirements. Exempt items include windshield stickers, yard signs, bumper stickers, campaign buttons, balloons, billboards, and other items as specified in Commission Rule 8.

For further information regarding campaign advertising requirements, please refer to the copy of Commission Rule 8 which is included in this brochure.

SECTION VIII

Reporting Requirements of Others

Report of Political Contributions of a Corporation, Union or Other Association (NADC Form B-7): Any corporation, labor organization, or industry, trade, or professional association which is either organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska (including any corporation registered with the Nebraska Secretary of State's office) or does business within the State of Nebraska is required to report its political contributions to the Commission. Any contribution by one of these entities of \$250 or more is reportable. This includes any direct contribution (cash, pledge, or loan) to, in-kind contribution to, or independent expenditure on behalf of a candidate committee.

The contributor is responsible for filing this report. However, candidates should inform their contributors of this requirement. A contributor's failure to file this report as required is subject to late filing fees, and may also result in civil and/or criminal penalties.

Major Out-of-State Contribution Report (NADC Form B-9): Under the NPADA, a "major out-of-state contributor" is defined as a corporation, union, industry association, trade association, or professional association which is not organized under the laws of Nebraska and makes contributions or expenditures totaling more than \$10,000 during any calendar year. "Major out-of-state contributor" does not include: a person who files B-7 reports with the Commission; a committee registered with the Commission; or a committee registered with the Federal Election Commission. Any "major out-of-state contributor" is required to report its political contributions to the Commission.

The contributor is responsible for filing this report. However, candidates should inform their out-of-state contributors of this requirement. A contributor's failure to file this report as required is subject to severe late filing fees, and may also result in civil penalties.

Report of Earmarked Contribution (NADC Form B-3): Any person or committee who acts as an intermediary or agent for a contribution "earmarked" to a candidate committee is required to report the actual source of such a contribution to the Commission. Under the NPADA, a completed copy of this form must also be filed with the candidate committee when an "earmarked" contribution is made.

The intermediary or agent is responsible for filing this report. However, candidates should inform the intermediary or agent of this requirement. An intermediary's or agent's failure to file this report as required is subject to late filing fees, and may also result in civil and/or criminal penalties.

Report of Independent Expenditure (NADC Form B-6): Under the NPADA, an "independent expenditure" is defined as an expenditure to influence an election which is not a contribution to a committee and which is not made at the direction of, under the control of, or with the cooperation of another person. An independent expenditure supporting a candidate is an expenditure which is made by a person which is not at the direction of, under the control of, or with the cooperation of, the candidate, the candidate's committee, or the candidate's agents.

Committees [political party committees and PACs] should report independent expenditures on their *Campaign Statements*. Corporations, labor organizations, and industry, trade, or professional associations should report independent expenditures on their *Reports of Political Contributions of a Corporation, Union or Other Association* (or on their Major Out-of-State Contribution Reports).

Any person, other than a committee, corporation, labor organization, or industry, trade, or professional association, who makes an independent expenditure of more than \$250.00 to support or oppose a candidate's election must report an independent expenditure on NADC Form B-6.

The person making the independent expenditure is responsible for filing this report. Any such person's failure to file this report as required is subject to late filing fees, and may also result in civil and/or criminal penalties.

Report of Late Independent Expenditures (NADC Form B-11): The NPADA defines a late independent expenditure as an independent expenditure of \$1,000 or more made by an independent committee (including a PAC) to support or oppose the nomination or election of a candidate. To qualify as a late independent expenditure, the expenditure must be made during the fourteen days immediately preceding the election. See the description of “independent expenditure” under the heading of Report of Independent Expenditure, above. A Report of Late Independent Expenditure must be filed with the Commission within two days after the late independent expenditure is made. The committee making the independent expenditure is responsible for filing the report. Failure to timely file may result in late filing fees and civil penalties.

SECTION IX

CALENDAR OF IMPORTANT DATES – 2006 ELECTIONS

- January 31, 2006 **All candidates** with committees as of December 31, 2005 – Due date for the 2005 Annual *Campaign Statement* (for the period ending December 31, 2005).
- February 15, 2006 **Incumbent Candidates** – Deadline to file for office. (This information provided by the office of the Secretary of State)
- March 1, 2006 **Non-Incumbent Candidates** – Deadline to file for office. (This information provided by the office of the Secretary of State)

NOTE – **Candidates** for certain offices must present a copy of their *Statement of Financial Interests* for the preceding calendar year to the election official at the time they file to run for office. Contact the Commission for information as to which candidates are required to file Statements of Financial Interests.

- April 3, 2006 **Candidates** for certain offices who filed to run for office during 2005 – Due Date for the 2005 *Statement of Financial Interests* (NADC Form C-1) covering calendar year 2005.

NOTE – **Candidates** for certain offices who filed to run for office during the year 2005 would have filed a 2004 *Statement of Financial Interests* when they filed to run for office.

- April 9, 2006 Start of the period for filing Statements of Organization (Form A-1) within 2 days. Any candidate committee formed during the 30 days immediately preceding the election must file a Statement of Organization within 2 days.
- April 10, 2006 **All primary election Candidates** with committees as of April 4, 2006 – Due Date for the 1st Primary Election *Campaign Statement* (Form B-1) for the period ending April 4, 2006.
- April 25, 2006 Start of the late contribution window for the primary election.

NOTE – a “late contribution” is a contribution of \$1,000 or more received after the closing date of the last campaign statement required to be filed prior to an election (but before the date of the election). A *Report of Late Contribution* (Form B-5) is due **2** days after the receipt of any “late contribution”.

May 1, 2006	All primary election Candidates with committees as of April 24, 2006 – Due Date for the 2 nd Primary Election <i>Campaign Statement</i> (Form B-1) for the period ending April 24, 2006.
May 8, 2006	End of the late contribution window for the primary election. End of the period for filing Statements of Organization within 2 days.
May 9, 2006	PRIMARY ELECTION DAY
June 13, 2006	End of the <u>primary election period</u> .
June 14, 2006	Start of the <u>general election period</u> .
June 19, 2006	All primary election Candidates with committees as of June 13, 2006 – Due Date for the Post Primary Election <i>Campaign Statement</i> (Form B-1) for the period ending June 13, 2006.

NOTE – **Any candidates** who did not advance to the general election are encouraged to dissolve their candidate committees as soon as possible after the primary election.

October 8, 2006	Start of the period for filing Statements of Organization (Form A-1) within 2 days. See April 9 th notation.
October 9, 2006	All general election Candidates with committees as of October 3, 2006 – Due Date for the 1 st General Election <i>Campaign Statement</i> (Form B-1) for the period ending October 3, 2006.
October 24, 2006	Start of the late contribution window for the general election. See NOTE at April 25 th regarding late contributions.
October 30, 2006	All general election Candidates with committees as of October 23, 2006 – Due date for the 2 nd General Election

	<i>Campaign Statement</i> (Form B-1) for the period ending October 23, 2006.
November 6, 2006	End of the late contribution window for the general election. End of the period for filing Statements of Organization within 2 days.
November 7, 2006	GENERAL ELECTION DAY
December 31, 2006	End of the <u>general election period</u>
January 16, 2007	All general election Candidates with committees as of December 31, 2006 – Due Date for the Post General Election <i>Campaign Statement</i> (Form B-1) for the period ending December 31, 2006.

NOTE – **Any candidates** who were not elected are encouraged to dissolve their candidate committees as soon as possible after the general election.

SECTION X

Reporting Forms and Commission Rule 8

The following reporting forms are included in this brochure:

- NADC Form C-1 -- *Statement of Financial Interests*;
- NADC Form A-1 -- *Statement of Organization of a Political Committee*;
- NADC Form B-1 -- *Campaign Statement* (Candidate Committees);
- NADC Form B-5 -- *Report of Late Contribution*;
- NADC Form A-2 -- *Statement of Dissolution of a Political Committee*.

Additional reporting forms are available from the office of the Commission. **Forms may be downloaded on to your personal computer from the Commission's website at <http://nadc.nol.org>.** Once downloaded, you may complete the form on your personal computer and print it. The use of photocopied forms is acceptable.

A copy of Commission Rule 8, Designation of Printed or Reproduced Items Exempt from Disclaimer Requirements and Rules and Regulations on the Size and Placement of Disclaimers, is also included in this brochure.